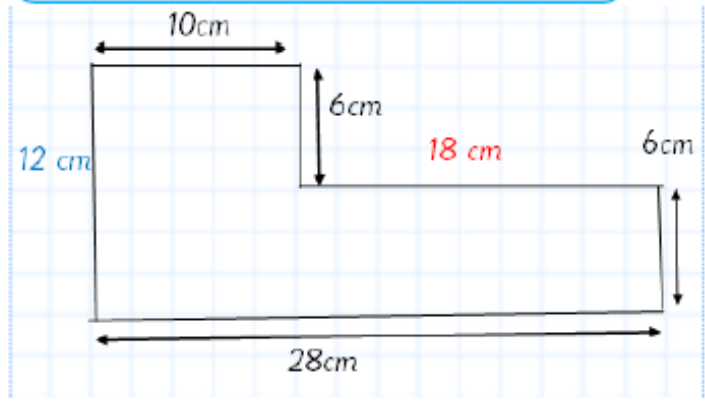


# Year 5 Measurement

Millimetre	Scale
Centimetre	Conversion
Metre	Interval
Kilometre	Area
Millilitre	Perimeter
Litre	Volume
Gram	
Kilogram	
Unit	
Measure	
Metric	
Imperial	

## Calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes



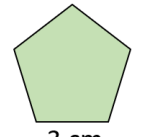
- 1) When you know the two shorter sides, add to find the longer side opposite ( $6 + 6 = 12 \text{ cm}$ )
- 2) If you know the long side opposite one shorter side, subtract the short side from the long ( $28 - 10 = 18 \text{ cm}$ )
- 3) Add all the lengths of the sides together. =  $80 \text{ cm}$

The side length of each regular polygon is 3 cm.

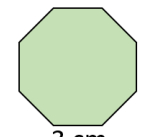
All sides are equal.



3 cm  
 $3 \times 3 = 9$   
 $P = 9 \text{ cm}$



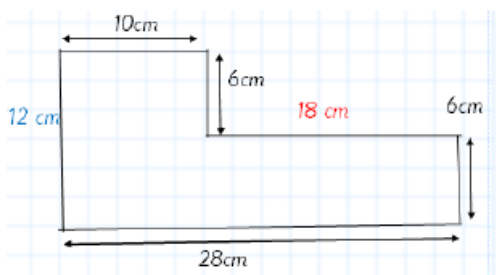
3 cm  
 $3 \times 5 = 15$   
 $P = 15 \text{ cm}$



3 cm  
 $3 \times 8 = 24$   
 $P = 24 \text{ cm}$

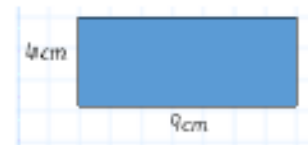
To find the perimeter of the shape, I need to...

## Calculate the area of composite rectilinear shapes



- 1) When you know the two shorter sides, add to find the longer side opposite ( $6 + 6 = 12 \text{ cm}$ )
- 2) If you know the long side opposite one shorter side, subtract the short side from the long ( $28 - 10 = 18 \text{ cm}$ )
- 3) Add all the lengths of the sides together. =  $80 \text{ cm}$

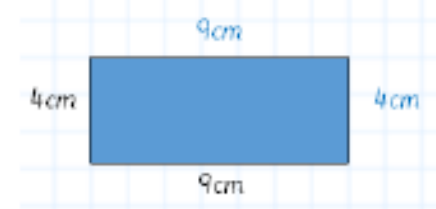
## Calculate the area of rectangles



The area tells you the space that the rectangle takes up.

- 1) Multiply the length of the rectangle by the width.  $9 \times 4 = 36$
- 2) After the answer, put the correct unit of measure (in this case, cm) and then a  $^2$  symbol.  $36 \text{ cm}^2$

## Finding the perimeter of a rectangle- a reminder!



The perimeter tells you the distance around the outside of the rectangle.

- 1) Add in the missing sides.
- 2) Add together all 4 sides.  $4 + 4 + 9 + 9 = 26 \text{ cm}$