

Mi casa

phonics

ga sound in:
• garaje



accents

Accents indicate the vowel is stressed. As seen in the word **salón**.

stress placement

Words that end in a vowel, 'n' or 's' are normally stressed on the second to last syllable. Like **ga-ra-je**.

ñ tilde

This changes the 'n' to a 'ny' sound like in the English word 'onion'. As in the Spanish words **baño** and **montaña**.

vocabulary

The nouns and determiners for 'house' and 'apartment'.



The nouns and determiners for rooms of the house.



Key linguistic structures:

En mi casa hay...

In my house there is...

En mi casa no hay...

In my house there is not...

grammar

To fully understand the role of gender in the choice of determiners.

un salón



una cocina



Singular determiner 'a' for masculine nouns

Singular determiner 'a' for feminine nouns

To understand better how to use the negative in Spanish.

En mi casa hay un salón.



En mi casa no hay salón.



1st person conjugation of high frequency verbs.

vivo

I live

What I will learn:

- Objective 1: I will learn how to say where I live using the 1st person high-frequency verb 'vivo' (I live).
- Objective 2: I will learn 5 nouns and their determiners for rooms of the house.
- Objective 3: I will learn 5 more nouns and their determiners for rooms of the house.
- Objective 4: I will learn how to say I do not have a particular room in the house using the negative structure in Spanish.
- Objective 5: I will use all my new knowledge in Spanish to describe where I live.